



SCOUT LEADERSHIP POSITIONS – Updated 3.1.10

Basic Guidelines to Earn Credit for Leadership

The following describes a set of minimum criteria for evaluation of a Scout who occupies a leadership position. It is not the only criteria. Executing their position of responsibility while demonstrating the tenets of the Scout Oath and Law is perhaps more important. However, each Scout should recognize that holding a leadership position is part of doing their duty and that while they hold it, another Scout cannot.

1. Attendance at 60% or more of the campouts
2. Attendance at 75% or more of the PLC's
3. Attendance at 75% or more of the Troop Meetings
4. Must be Trained (attend JLT or arrange for separate training with the mentor for their position)
5. Must actively participate in any fundraisers or mandatory events that occur during their term, unless excused by TCC / SM.
6. SPL can evaluate the leadership team after 3 months to see how they are performing. The metrics (1-5) could be assigned to the Scribe to keep track.

The Troop keeps good records on several of these, but not all. The first point of the Scout Law is Trustworthy. Each Scout should be honest with himself and the Scoutmaster about whether they have fulfilled these requirements at the mid-point of the term and at the end.

Running or Applying for a Leadership Position:

Any boy meeting the prerequisites for a given position may run for, or apply for, that leadership position by sending the Scoutmaster an email during the weeks preceding an election. It is important to note that, with the exception of the Senior Patrol Leader and Patrol Leaders (which are elected), all boy leaders are either appointed by the SPL or Scoutmaster. During any given term, one position may be very popular while others may have little or no interested scouts. As such, a boy may run for more than one position, and it is recommended that he do so.